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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/774,658	02/05/2004	Robert G. Cole	2003-0225	8814
26652	7590	01/18/2008	EXAMINER	
AT&T CORP.			POLLACK, MELVIN H	
ROOM 2A207				
ONE AT&T WAY			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
BEDMINSTER, NJ 07921			2145	
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			01/18/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/774,658	COLE ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	MELVIN H. POLLACK	2145	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 November 2007.
 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on 05 February 2004 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ .
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.	6) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: <u>see attached office action</u> .

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 05 November 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. An analysis of the arguments is provided below.
2. The 112 rejection has been withdrawn in light of the amendment.
3. Applicant argues that Bradley only teaches monitoring performance of a path between device pairs, which examiner interprets as meaning charging a degradation for all routers in a path without ability to separate, as opposed to charging a degradation against a single router or the plurality of routers within the path (P. 8). While Bradley does teach monitoring and traversing a path to determine fulfillment of an SLA, the purpose is to determine whether a particular node is malfunctioning. Indeed, the ability to isolate a problem is inherent in discovering SLA violations, as it would be impossible to fix otherwise.
4. Bradley more explicitly breaks up the path for servers. For example, "the HTTPMetric is used to measure the response time of a (single) web server (col. 19, lines 1-5 and Table 14), and further measures are used to narrow this decision (Tables 15 and 16). As for routers, it is clear that the method is to be incorporated into the measurement for SAA devices, which include servers (col. 21, lines 30-35).
5. Therefore, the rejection is maintained for the reasons above, and is final.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

7. Claims 1-8, 10-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Bradley et al. (7,082,463).

8. Bradley teaches a method and system (abstract) of determining gateway performance and SLA information (col. 1, line 1 – col. 5, line 15; col. 36, line 55 – col. 68, line 20) wherein a management server connected to router devices (col. 5, lines 15-30) and controlled via a web interface (col. 5, lines 30-35) wherein path measurements are collected and stored within a matrix (col. 5, line 35 – col. 6, line 10; col. 6, line 65 – col. 7, line 5). Test result overlaps are tracked, as are start and end times (col. 8, line 40 – col. 9, line 30). The system tracks threshold and problem information (col. 9, line 30 – col. 21, line 30), including R-Factor equivalent VoIP voice quality data (col. 21, line 30 – col. 24, line 60), and of data manually entered into the matrix (col. 24, line 60 – col. 31, line 15) and reported as a source x destination router report (col. 31, line 10 – col. 34, line 50, esp. col. 33, lines 30-35 and col. 34, lines 5-15).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

10. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bradley, as applied to claim 8 above.

11. Bradley teaches several threshold values, including 75 (col. 32, lines 35-55), but does not expressly declare 70 as a threshold value.

12. Examiner takes Official Notice (see MPEP § 2144.03) that a changed threshold in a computer networking environment was well known in the art at the time the invention was made. Both models are standard techniques equally effective in determining a threshold crossing. The substitution would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention as the particular threshold value is irrelevant, as each is a standard technique used by the ordinary artisan and both have been recognized to provide a good estimate. Therefore, the motivation to change the threshold value remains personal preference.

13. The Applicant is entitled to traverse any/all official notice taken in this action according to MPEP § 2144.03. However, MPEP § 2144.03 further states "See also In re Boon, 439 F.2d 724, 169 USPQ 231 (CCPA 1971) (a challenge to the taking of judicial notice must contain adequate information or argument to create on its face a reasonable doubt regarding the circumstances justifying the judicial notice)." Specifically, In re Boon, 169 USPQ 231, 234 states "as we held in Ahlert, an applicant must be given the opportunity to challenge either the correctness of the fact asserted or the notoriety or repute of the reference cited in support of the assertion. We did not mean to imply by this statement that a bald challenge, with nothing more, would be all that was needed". Further note that 37 CFR § 1.671(c)(3) states "Judicial notice means official notice". Thus, a traversal by the Applicant that is merely "a bald challenge, with nothing more" will be given very little weight.

Conclusion

14. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MELVIN H. POLLACK whose telephone number is (571)272-3887. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-4:30 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jason Cardone can be reached on (571) 272-3933. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/M. H. P./
Examiner, Art Unit 2145
11 January 2008

Melvin H Pollack
Examiner
Art Unit 2145

/Jason D Cardone/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2145